

3

ISLAMIC UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY (IUT)
ORGANISATION OF ISLAMIC COOPERATION (OIC)
DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL SCIENCES

Mid Semester Examination

Summer Semester: 2023-2024

Course Number: MATH 4253

Full Marks: 120

Course Title: Vector Algebra, Vector Calculus and ODE

Time: 2 Hours

Answer all the 4 (FOUR) questions. The symbols have their usual meanings. Marks of each question and the corresponding CO and PO are written in the brackets.

1. a) Forces of magnitude 3 and 2 in the directions $\hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$ and $2\hat{i} - 3\hat{j} - 6\hat{k}$ respectively act on a particle which is displaced from the point $(2, -1, -3)$ to $(5, -1, 1)$. Find the work done by the force. (8)
(CO1)
(PO1)
- b) Examine whether the four points whose position vectors are $3\hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + 4\hat{k}$, $6\hat{i} + 3\hat{j} + \hat{k}$, $5\hat{i} + 7\hat{j} + 3\hat{k}$ and $2\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + 6\hat{k}$ are coplanar or not. (10)
(CO3)
(PO1)
- c) Solve the simultaneous vector equations for $\underline{x}$ and $\underline{y}$: $\underline{x} + \underline{c} \times \underline{y} = \underline{a}$ and $\underline{y} + \underline{c} \times \underline{x} = \underline{b}$, where $\underline{c} \neq 0$ (12)
(CO3)
(PO1)
2. a) Find the equation of a straight line which passes through two given points A and B have position vector $\underline{a}$ and $\underline{b}$ with respect to an origin o (10)
(CO1)
(PO1)
- b) Find the directional derivative of $f(x, y, z) = x^2 y^2 z^2$ at the point $(1, 1, -1)$ in the direction of the tangent to the curve $x = e^t$, $y = 2 \sin t + 1$, $z = t - \cos t$, at $t = 0$. (10)
(CO2)
(PO1)
- c) A fluid motion is given by $\underline{v} = (y \sin z - \sin x)\hat{i} + (x \sin z + 2yz)\hat{j} + (xy \cos z + y^2)\hat{k}$. Is the motion irrotational? If so, find the velocity potential. (10)
(CO2)
(PO1)
3. a) Find the differential equation of all conics whose axes coincide with the axes of co-ordinates. (10)
(CO3)
(PO1)
- b) Solve; $y^2 dx + (xy + x^2) dy = 0$ (10)
(CO1)
(PO1)
- c) For steady heat flow through the wall of a hollow sphere of inner and outer radii r_1 and r_2 respectively, the temperature u at a distance r ($r_1 < r < r_2$) from the center of the sphere is given by (10)
(CO3)
(PO1)

$$\frac{d^2 u}{dr^2} + 2 \frac{du}{dr} = 0$$

If u_1 and u_2 are the temperatures at inner and outer surfaces of the sphere, find u in terms of r .

4. a) Solve: $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x+y+7}{2x+2y+3}$

(8)
(CO1)
(PO1)

b) Solve: $\frac{dy}{dx} - 2y \tan x = y^2 \tan^2 x$

(10)
(CO1)
(PO1)

c) Find the integrating factor and hence solve:

$$(xy^2 - e^{\frac{1}{x^2}}) dx - x^2 y dy = 0$$

(12)
(CO3)
(PO1)